color key:	roosaga on märgitud töö tellija tõlgendus ESRS põhjal				
	rohelisega on märgitud ESRS-põhine jaotus				
-					
		Climate change			
IMPACTS					
	Negative impacts	Climate adaptation			
		Climate mitigation			
	Positive impacts	GHG emissions			

		Energy effciency
		Material efficiency
		iviaterial efficiency
		Consumption reduction
		Phase out or substitution of product
		·
		Dhaaran tan an hatitutian af maara
		Phase out or substitution of process
		Fuel switching
		Electrification
		Renewable energy deployment
		Energy
RISKS AND	OPPORTUNITIES	
IMPACT RE		
	ICY RELATED	
	K FACTORS	
	5.1	-
	Risks and opprotunities	Transitional
		Policy and legal
		Market

	Technology
	Reputation
Risks	Physical
	Acute
	Chronical
Opportunities	
Оррогиниез	

Pollution	Water and marine resources	
1. Pollution of air	Water management and conservation	
4.5.11.11		
1.Pollution of water	Use and sourcing of water	
1.Pollution of soil	Water treatment	

1.Use of substances of concern, Us	Prevention and abatement of water pollution
1.Pollution incidents	Marine resources conservation
2. Human health impacts,	
ecosystem impacts, social and	
economical impact?	Use and sourcing of marine resources
3. Control, prevention, minimizatio	n?
Transitional	Transitional
Policy and legal	Policy and legal
Market	Market

Tankanalana	Tachmalam
Technology	
Reputation	Reputation
	Contribution to systemic risk
Physical	Physical
Acute	
Chronical	Chronical
Resource efficiency	Resource efficiency
Market	Market
Financing	Financing
Resilience	Resilience

•	
Biodiversity C	Circular economy
Biodiversity loss (climate change,	
land/freshwater/sea-use changes	
(loss, degradation, fragmentation,	
biodiversity sensitive areas), direct	Deseuree inflow (sustainable
	L. Resource inflow (sustainable courcing)
policion, other)	our enig/
	Renewable/non-renewable
	resources (transitioning away from
State of species (population size, extintion risk)	virgin resources, critical raw
extintion risk)	materials, rare earths)
Extent and condition of ecosystems	Circularity of resource inflow
(Land degregation, Desertification,	(Increased use of secondary
(-a degreeout) bescrittingtion,	

	Resource use optimisation,
Ecosystem services	intensity of materials and products
	production of the production o
	1. Resource outflow
	Increased product durability
	1. Waste (hazardous waste/non-
	hazardous waste management,
	end-of life waste management)
	5 ,
	2.Circular business practices (value
	retention actions, value
	maximisation actions, end-of life
	actions, system efficiency actions?
	3. Sustainable Resource
	Management/Circular Economy
	Adoption?
Transitional	Transitional
Policy and legal	Policy and legal
Market	Market
IVIdiket	Warket

Technology Reputation
Physical
Titysical
Acute
Chronical
Resource efficiency
Market
Financing
Resilience
Reputation

Own workforce

Workers in value chain

- 1. Working conditions (secure employment (precarious work relations, social protection); working time ("zero hours" contracts, overtime satification with working hours, flexible hours); adequate wages; social dialogue; freedom of association, the existence of works councils and the information, consultation and participation rights of workers; collective bargaining, worklife balance (family-related leave, flexible working hours, access to childcare); health and safety (eg pandemic related, hazardous work, H&S system coverage, fatal/non-fatal accidents, work-related ill health, work days lost))
- 1. Working conditions (secure employment (precarious work relations, social protection); working time ("zero hours" contracts, overtime satification with working hours, flexible hours); adequate wages; social dialogue; freedom of association, the existence of works councils and the information; collective bargaining, work-life balance (family-related leave, flexible working hours, access to childcare); health and safety (eg pandemic related, hazardous work, H&S system coverage, fatal/non-fatal accidents, work-related ill health, work days lost))
- 1.Equal treatment and opportunities for all (gender equality and equal pay for work of equal value (women in top management and workforce, male-female wage gap); training and skills development; employment and inclusion of persons with disabilities (accessibility measures for employees with disabilities); measures against violence and harassment in the workplace; and diversity)
- 1.Equal treatment and opportunities for all (gender equality and equal pay for work of equal value (women in top management and workforce, male-female wage gap); training and skills development; employment and inclusion of persons with disabilities (accessibility measures for employees with disabilities); measures against violence and harassment in the workplace; and diversity)
- Other work-related rights (child labour; forced labour (confiscation of goods supected of forced labor production, human trafficing); adequate housing; and privacy)
- 1. Other work-related rights (child labour; forced labour (confiscation of goods supected of forced labor production, human trafficing); adequate housing, water, sanitation; and privacy)

2. Employee Well-being/Employee Engagement and Satisfaction? 3. Value proposition impacts (eg lowest cost	
	Transition to climate neutral operations impacts
structure/revenue model impacts (eg shifting inventory risk to suppilier)	(innovation, restructuring, closure of sites, need for more/new materials to support green products/technologies)
	productor technologics/
	Sustainable purchase practises, capacity building to supply chain workers
	3. Value proposition impacts (eg lowest cost product/service; high-speed delivery); cost structure/revenue model impacts (eg shifting inventory risk to suppilier)
	Value chain impacts (relying on commodities of unclear provenance, without visibility on impacts on workers)
	Vulnerable groups: young workers, women, migrants, recruitment fee based workers, high risk activities workers)
	Value chain actions impact (eg financial literacy t
	(-6
IMPACT RELATED	
DEPENDENCIES	
NA	
Business opportunity and continuity	Business opportunity and continuity
(exploitation of low-skilled, low-paid,	(exploitation of low-skilled, low-paid, workers in
	sourcing geographies with minimal labor
workers in sourcing geographies with	
minimal labor law/health protections)	law/health protections)
Reputation	Reputation
	Risks from strategy/business model

	Opertational risks (price pressure leads to lower	
	quality, longer, less controlled, less transparent	
Business relation termination	supply chain)	
Shortage of skilled employees		
Policy and legal exposure (forced labor/child	Policy and legal exposure (forced labor/child	
labor/compulsory labor incidents)	labor/compulsory labor incidents)	
Risks related to transition to climate neutral	Risks related to transition to climate neutral	
operations (company innovation,	operations (company innovation,	
restructioning, discontinuty, employment	restructioning, discontinuty, employment loss,	
loss, new business opportunities, products,	new business opportunities, products,	
materials)	materials)	
Disruption of business operation (significant		
employee turnover, lack of skills/training		
developement)	Disruption of business operation (high dependan	
Supply chain breakdown	Supply chain breakdown	
Consumer preferences change	Consumer preferences change	
	Market differentiation and customer appeal	
Market differenciation/higher customer appe	al (quaranteeing decent pay, working conditions to	
Transition to climate neutral operations (job o	Reliable supply	
	Widening of future consumer base	

Affected communities	Consumers and end-users	Business conduct	
1. Communities' economic, social and cultural rights (for example, adequate housing, adequate food, water and sanitation, land-related and security-related impacts) communities' civil and political rights (for example, freedom of expression, freedom of assembly, impacts on human rights defenders); and particular rights of indigenous peoples (for example, free, prior and informed consent, self-determination, cultural rights).			
Human right commitment impacts Operations impacts (planning, land			
acquisition and exploitation, finance, extraction or production of raw materials, use of natural resources, and management of environmental impacts)			

Strategy/business model impacts: value			
proposition (deadlines of			
construction/project commencement			
lacking time for consulatation,			
extensive use of resources that affect			
communities around the opertations),			
value chain (land-use which ownership			
is contested/records unreliable), cost			
structure/revenue model (aggressive			
strategies to minimise taxation)			
Transition to climate neutral			
operations impacts (innovation,			
restructuring, closure of sites, need for			
more/new materials to support green			
products/technologies) Social investment or			
other development programmes			
impacts			
Impacts			
All enviromental topics impacts (climate	change, pollution, water, bid	odiversity. circular econo	mv)
	, , ,		**
raining)			

Reputation and legal exposure (negative relationship - damaging boycotts, complaints and lawsuits,)
Risk of harm for affected community (based on characteristics such as ethnicity, socioeconomic status, m

Operational risk (costly delays, modific	cation/abandoning projects)	
Disruption of business operation (due Continues operations (positive relation		
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o non-employees)		
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d/permits)
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